IN THE SPECIFICATION:

On page 60, lines 17-18, please replace the hypertext:

"http://www.corninfo.chem.wisc. edu/writings/DNA overview.html"

with the plain text: -http://www.corninfo.chem.wisc. edu/writings/DNA overview.html--.

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Please replace the abstract on page 68 of the application with the abstract shown on the attached replacement sheet for page 68.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims 9, 11, 15, 17, 22, 25, 27 and 28 as shown below:

9. (Amended) An analog, oligomer-based method for determining a mathematical result of carrying out an operation of matrix algebra on input data,

wherein single-stranded oligomers E_i and \underline{E}_i are a subset of all single-stranded oligomers and are each in 1:1 correspondence with the basis vectors e_i , i = 1, 2, ..., m in an abstract mdimensional vector space;

wherein a set of the oligomers E_i and \underline{E}_i represents an m-component vector $V = \Sigma_i V_i e_i$, wherein the E_{i} and \underline{E}_{i} oldgomers have complementary nucleotide sequences, with the E_{i} oligomers representing the i-th component of V for which the amplitude V_i is positive, and the \underline{E}_i oligomers representing the $\$ -th component of V for which V_i is negative; and

wherein the concentration of each of the oligomers E_i or \underline{E}_i is proportional to the absolute value of the amplitude V_i of the i-th component of V,

the method comprising the steps of

(1) obtaining a composition comprising at least one set of single-stranded oligomers E_i and \underline{E}_i representing the components of a vector, wherein the concentrations of the oligomers E_i or \underline{E}_i in the composition are proportional to the absolute values of the amplitudes of the components they represent, which composition represents input data; and

2) subjecting said composition to at least one physical or chemical treatment having an effect on said oligomers in said composition that is an analog representation of an operation of matrix algebra, and

(3) detecting the effect of said treatment on said oligomers in said composition to determine the analog result of carrying out said operation of matrix algebra on said input data;

wherein said analog result of carrying out said operation of matrix algebra on said input data is quantitatively dependent on the concentrations of said at least one set of single-stranded oligomers E_i and E_i in said composition.

In claim 11, line 9 (in section (i)), replace "modifying" with -- phosphorylating or de-phosphorylating --.

In claim 11, lines 10 and 11 (in section (i)), delete "that does not add an additional oligomer subunit".

In claim 15, in lines 2 and 5, insert a space -- -- immediately before the "2" in "i = 1,2," to give "i = 1,2".

In claim 22, in line 2, insert -- of step (c) -- immediately after " \underline{E}_i ".

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17. (Amended) A method for obtaining a data set V_i^b from an oligomer-based, content-addressable memory following input of a data set U_i^b that represents a portion of V_i^b ,

wherein data elements in the form of m-component vectors $V = \Sigma_i V_i \mathbf{e}_i$ are represented in the memory by a set of the oligomers E_i and \underline{E}_i that are a subset of all single-stranded oligomers and are in 1:1 correspondence with the basis vectors \mathbf{e}_i for i=1,2,...m in an abstract mdimensional vector space;

wherein oligomers E_i and \underline{E}_i have complementary nucleotide sequences, with E_i oligomers representing the i-th component of V for which the amplitude V_i is positive, and \underline{E}_i representing the i-th component of V for which V_i is negative; and

wherein the concentration of each of oligomers E_i and \underline{E}_i is proportional to the absolute value of the amplitude V_i of the i-th component of V;

the method comprising

(a) preparing a content-addressable memory representing memory matrix T_{ij} in which are stored data sets corresponding to vectors V_i^a for a = 1 to a = n, where i = 1, 2, ..., m, wherein T_{ij} is the sum of all of the outer products $V_i^a V_i^a$ for $i \neq j$:

comprising obtaining for each vector \mathbf{V}^{a} a set of single-stranded oligomers, each of which comprises a first single-stranded oligomer sequence selected from the group consisting of Ei or \underline{E}_i for each i-th component of V^a for i = 1 to i = m, and further comprises a second singlestranded oligomer sequence selected from the group consisting of E_j or \underline{E}_j for each j-th component of V^a for j = 1 to j = m, except for i = j; and then pooling said sets of dimeric oligomers obtained for each vector V^a for a = 1 to a = n thereby forming a set of oligomers representing a content-addressable memory;

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(b) combining said pool of dimeric oligomers with a set of oligomers representing partial data set U_i^b under conditions wherein oligomer sequences E_i^b and \underline{E}_i^b of data set U_i^b hybridize specifically to complementary sequences E_j and \underline{E}_j present in said memory pool oligomers; and

obtaining an isolated set of monomeric oligomer strands X_i comprising the oligomer sequences E_i and \underline{E}_i of said memory pool oligomers that hybridized specifically to said U_i^b oligomers, wherein said X_i oligomers do not further comprise said E_j and \underline{E}_j sequences of said memory pool oligomers that are complementary to said U_i^b oligomers;

- (c) combining said set of X_i oligomers with a set of single-stranded <u>saturating</u> oligomers comprising a <u>set of E_i and E_i oligomers representing the complete[, sub-stoichiometric] set of basis vectors e_i for i = 1 to m, wherein the E_i and E_i oligomers are sub-stoichiometric relative to said set of X_i oligomers, in that the number of X_i oligomers for at least one basis vector e_i is greater than the number of E_i or E_i saturating oligomers corresponding to said basis vector, so that complementary sequences hybridize to each other, denaturing the resulting duplex molecules, and isolating the subset of X_i oligomer that hybridized specifically to said E_i and E_i sequences, to obtain a set of saturated X_i strands, $S(X_i)$;</u>
 - (d) repeating steps (b) and (c) iteratively, using the set of saturated X_i strands, $S(X_i)$ obtained in each previous implementation of step (d) as the set of oligomers representing partial data set U_i^b employed in the subsequent implementation of step (b), [to obtain a] until successive iterations yield the same set of oligomer strands X_i^b produced by step (b) that represents data set V_i^b .

25. (Amended) A content-addressable memory representing a memory matrix T_{ij} in which are stored data sets corresponding to vectors V_i^a for i=1 to i=m, wherein T_{ij} is the sum of all of the outer products $V_i^a V_i^a$ for $i \neq j$:

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wherein data elements in the form of m-component vectors $V = \sum_i V_i \mathbf{e}_i$ are each represented in the memory by a set of the oligomers E_i and \underline{E}_i that are a subset of all singlestranded oligomers and are each in 1:1 correspondence with the basis vectors \mathbf{e}_i for i=1,2,...min an abstract m-dimensional vector space;

wherein oligomers E_i and \underline{E}_i have complementary nucleotide sequences, with E_i oligomers representing the i-th component of V for which the amplitude V_i is positive, and \underline{E}_i representing the i-th component of V for which V_i is negative; and

wherein the concentration of each of oligomers E_i and \underline{E}_i is proportional to the magnitude of the amplitude V_i of the i-th component of V; comprising:

a content-addressable memory representing memory matrix T_{ij} in which are stored data sets corresponding to vectors V_i^a for a = 1 to a = n, where i = 1, 2, ..., m,

comprising a pool of dimeric, single-stranded oligomers comprising a set of dimeric oligomers for each vector \mathbf{V}^{a} ,

wherein each oligomer in the set ϕf oligomers for each vector \mathbf{V}^a comprises a first singlestranded oligomer sequence selected from the group consisting of E_i or \underline{E}_i for each i-th component of V^a for i=1,2,...m, and further comprises a second single-stranded oligomer sequence selected from the group consisting of E_j or E_j for each j-th component of \mathbf{V}^a for all j=1to j = m, except for i = j.

27. (Amended) The method of claim 11 wherein said operation of matrix algebra is

determining the inner product of two vectors $[V_i]$ $\underline{\textbf{\textit{V}}}$ and $[W_i]$ $\underline{\textbf{\textit{W}}}$ and said method comprises:

(i) obtaining for each vector $[V_i]$ \underline{V} and $[W_i]$ \underline{W} , sets of single-stranded oligomers E_i and \underline{E}_i representing the components of the vector, wherein the concentrations of the oligomers E_i and \underline{E}_i are proportional to the absolute values of the amplitudes of the components they represent;

also obtaining a set of single-stranded oligomers E_i and \underline{E}_i representing the components of vector $[\underline{W}_i]$ $\underline{\boldsymbol{W}}$ that are complementary to said oligomers representing vector $[W_i]$ $\underline{\boldsymbol{W}}$, wherein the relative concentrations of the oligomers representing $[\underline{W}_i]$ $\underline{\boldsymbol{W}}$ are proportional to the concentrations of their complementary oligomers in $[W_i]$ $\underline{\boldsymbol{W}}$,

wherein oligomers that represent components of said vectors V, W, and W having different basis vectors do not hybridize under conditions in which complementary oligomers E_i and E_i corresponding to the same basis vector e_i do hybridize;

- (ii) combining samples of the oligomers representing vector $[V_i] \underline{V}$ with samples of the oligomers representing vectors $[W_i] \underline{W}$ and $[\underline{W}_i] \underline{W}$ in separate reaction mixtures and measuring the rates of hybridization of said mixtures, and obtaining a numerical value proportional to the inner product of the two vectors from said rates of hybridization.
- 28. The method of claim 11 wherein said operation of matrix algebra is obtaining the inner product of a matrix and a vector, and said method comprises
 - (a) obtaining a set of single-stranded oligomers representing matrix T, wherein each matrix component T_{ij} is represented by single-stranded oligomers comprising a dimeric oligomer sequence of the form 5'-A-B-3' selected from the group consisting of 5'- $\{E_i\}\{E_j\}$ -3', 5'- $\{E_i\}\{E_j\}$ -3', and wherein the concentrations of said dimeric oligomers T_{ij} are proportional to the absolute values of the amplitudes of the matrix components they represent;

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